

SB 202 IMPACTS ON POLL OFFICIALS

Provisional Ballots

O.C.G.A. § 21-2-418

a) If a person presents himself of herself at a polling place, absentee polling place, or registration office in his or her county of residence in this state for the purpose of casting a ballot in a primary or election stating a good faith belief that he or she has timely registered to vote in such county of residence in such county of residence in such primary or election and the person's name does not appear on the list of registered electors, the person shall be entitled to cast a provisional ballot in his or her county of residence in this state as provided in this Code section. If the person presents himself or herself at a polling place in the county in which he or she is registered to vote, but not at the precinct at which he or she is registered to vote, the poll officials shall inform the person of the polling location for the precinct where such person is registered to vote. The poll officials shall also inform such person that any votes cast by a provisional ballot in the wrong precinct will not be counted unless it is cast after 5:00 P.M. and before the regular time for the closing of the polls on the day of the primary, election, or runoff and unless the person executes a sworn statement, witnessed by the poll official, stating that he or she is unable to vote at his or her correct polling place prior to the closing of the polls and giving the reason therefor.

What does this mean for Poll Workers?

- On election day, provisional ballots cast out of precinct (Code OP) before 5:00 P.M. will not be counted.
- Poll officials shall also inform voters that are in the correct county but wrong precinct that
 any votes cast by a provisional ballot in the wrong precinct will not be counted unless it
 is cast after 5:00 P.M. and before the regular time for the closing of the polls on the day
 of the primary, election, or runoff and unless the person executes a sworn statement,
 witnessed by the poll official, stating that he or she is unable to vote at his or her correct
 polling place prior to the closing of the polls and giving the reason therefor.



Poll Workers

New Subsection to O.C.G.A. § 21-2-92

(a)(2) A poll officer may be allowed to serve in a county that adjoins the county in which they reside if, in the discretion of the election superintendent of the county in which such person resides, the waiver of such county residency or county employment requirements of paragraph (1) of this subsection do not impair the ability of the county to provide adequate staff for the performance of election duties under this chapter and if, in the discretion of the county election superintendent in which such person wishes to serve, sufficient need for more poll officers exists.

What does this mean for Poll Workers?

Poll workers may only work in the county their home county or a neighboring county. A
poll worker only may work in a neighboring county if: the election superintendent of the
county the poll worker resides in signs off; AND the election superintendent of the county
the poll worker wishes to work in determines there is a sufficient need for poll officers.

Election Night Reporting

O.C.G.A. § 21-2-420

- a) After the time for the closing of the polls and the last elector voting, the poll officials in each precinct shall complete the required accounting and related documentation for the precinct and shall advise the election superintendent of the total number of ballots cast at such precinct and the total number of provisional ballots cast. The chief manager and at least one assistant manager shall post a copy of the tabulated results for the precinct on the door of the precinct and then immediately deliver all required documentation and election materials to the election superintendent. The election superintendent shall then ensure that such ballots are processed, counted, and tabulated as soon as possible and shall not cease such count and tabulation until all such ballots are counted and tabulated.
- b) The election superintendent shall ensure that each precinct notifies the election superintendent of the number of ballots cast and number of provisional ballots cast as soon as possible after the time for the closing of the polls and the last elector votes. The election superintendent shall post such information publicly. The State Election Board shall promulgate rules and regulations regarding how such information shall be publicly posted to ensure transparency, accuracy, and security



What does this mean for Poll Workers?

In addition to posting the closing tapes, poll workers are now responsible for letting their
election superintendent know the number of ballots cast and the number of provisional
ballots cast at their respective precincts. The Secretary of State's Office is working to
develop a technology solution to make this reporting swift and efficient.

Reporting Wait Times

O.C.G.A. § 21-2-263

(a) If, at the previous general election, a precinct contained more than 2,000 electors and if all those electors desiring to vote had not completed voting one hour following the closing of the polls, the superintendent shall either reduce the size of said precinct so that it shall contain not more than 2,000 electors in accordance with the procedures prescribed by this chapter for the division, alteration, and consolidation of precincts no later than 60 days before the next general election or provide additional voting equipment or poll workers, or both, before the next general election. For administering this Code section, the chief manager of a precinct which contained more than 2,000 electors at the previous general election shall submit a report thereof, under oath, to the superintendent as to the time required for completion of voting by all persons in line at the time the polls were closed. Any such change in the boundaries of a precinct shall conform with the requirements of subsection (a) of Code Section 21-2-261.1.

(b) If, at the previous general election, a precinct contained more than 2,000 electors and if electors desiring to vote on the day of the election had to wait in line more than one hour before checking in to vote, the superintendent shall either reduce the size of such precinct so it shall contain not more than 2,000 electors in accordance with the procedures prescribed by this chapter for the division, alteration, and consolidation of precincts no later than 60 days before the next general election or provide additional voting equipment or poll workers, or both, before the next general election. For administering this Code section, the chief manager of a precinct which contained more than 2,000 electors at the previous general election shall submit a report thereof to the superintendent of the reported time from entering the line to checking in to vote. Such wait time shall be measured no fewer than three different times throughout the day (in the morning, at midday, and prior to the close of polls) and such results shall be recorded on a form provided by the Secretary of State.



Any such change in the boundaries of a precinct shall conform with the requirements of subsection (a) of Code Section 21-2-261.1.

What does this mean for Poll Workers?

• On election day (i.e., not during advanced voting) poll workers will report the wait times to their County Point of Contact at least three times during the day. Once between 7:00 A.M. and 11:00 A.M., once between 11:00 A.M. and 3:00 P.M., and once between 3:00 P.M. and 7:00 P.M. This provision is not mandated for municipal elections.